OCIMF and INTERTANKO Safety Initiative

OCIMF Europe & Africa Regional Marine Forum

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LEADING THE WAY,
MAKING A DIFFERENCE





INTERTANKO/OCIMF Joint Safety Initiative

- Why we started
- Complacency
- Rule following behavior
- Competency Assessment and Verification
- Learning Lessons Accidents Statistics



OCIMF SAFETY INITIATIVE

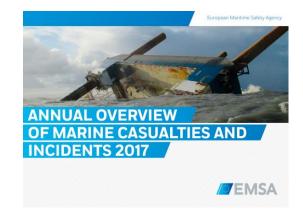
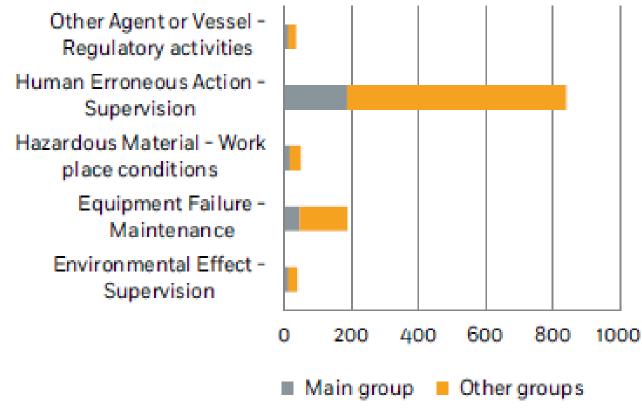


Figure 66: Groups of Contributing Factors 2011-2016





Complacency

Definition:

A feeling of quiet pleasure or security, often while unaware of some potential danger

A feeling of contentment or self-satisfaction, especially when coupled with an unawareness of danger, trouble, or controversy.











Why Rules are not followed

Lack of knowledge Taking a short-cut



Lack of surveillance and enforcement Lack of trust Rule could not cover everything **Demonstrate professional skill**



Professional Skill

They can handle any outcome
It never goes wrong
Absence of consequences
Blind to risk
Stopped people from thinking
Technology provides a veneer of security



Heogh Osaka





SERIOUS MARINE CASUALTY

REPORT NO 6/2016

MARCH 2016



Competence

Competence key to everything
Competence reduces accidents
Competence ensures efficient operations

Need to ensure competence does not breed over confidence



Competence based training

Traditional system:

- Set list of tasks
- Candidate completes a training book
- Officer signs them off
- Candidate deemed competent

But is that a true measure of competence? Trust? Reliability? Qualifications of the officer?



Experience based competence

Time in rank/Co is a measure of experience Experience is a proxy for competence Therefore, greater the experience, greater the competence

But.... sometimes experience becomes the only measure



A middle way

Combination of tasks
Tasks must reflect the work
The trainer must be trained
System auditable
Must also combine with an experience element

SOFT Skills



Soft skills

How the seafarer does the job How he applies technical knowledge How he gets others to work



Formation of joint groups

Competence Assessment and Verification CAV WG

 Joint INTERTANKO/OCIMF Working Group to review competence management system. Met 8 times

Learning Lessons from Accidents Statistics and Trends LLAST WG

- New joint accident database and best practice for the dissemination of the lessons learned
- Met 7 times

Main INTERTANKO/OCIMF Steering Group

Met 5 times reviewed work of CAV WG and LLAST WG



Competence Management

CAV WG

Four key aspects of competence management-

- 1. Each officer is individually assessed
- Those assessing must be appropriately trained and assessed for their ability to assess
- Those verifying must be appropriately trained and depending upon the setup, assessed for their ability to verify
- 4. The system must be open to auditing and verifying either internally or externally



Focus on tanker core competencies

- 1. Navigation
- 2. Mooring
- 3. Cargo Operations
- 4. Engineering

Up to each individual company to decide if they want to incorporate the system into their company. Could be an independent system or incorporated into the company's SMS.



Soft Skill assessment areas

- A. Team Working
- B. Communication & Influencing
- C. Situation Awareness
- D. Decision Making
- E. Results Focus
- F. Leadership & Managerial skills

Flexibility is key, but must have a decent assessment of soft skills of the seafarers



Outcome

- Competence Management System: shared ownership with OCIMF
- Standard system across industry and transferable between companies
- Used to assess competence in rank
- Also as a talent management tool
- Should also be used in the promotion process
- Useful during recruitment



Agreed joint aim of the process:

Objective is to move away from deterministic, fixed time periods measures of competency

 "Medium term" – Assist in the transition from a prescriptive crew matrix to one that is competence based



Timeline

System finalised by Drafting Group CAV WG agreed to text on April 20th Steering Group sits May 14th Boards receive final system May 20th Launch in Rome June 20th



LEARNING FROM INCIDENTS

- LLAST WG
- Develop broad based database of accidents that can be used to identify trends
- Database would be anonymous and not used for vetting
- All OCIMF and INTERTANKO WG members will share process by which they incorporate lessons learned within their company
- 3 sub-groups will develop best practice guide on the implementation of lessons learned



Summary

Close working collaboration between the industry

True focus upon the human element

Reduces the burdens imposed by fixed term deterministic approaches

Increase shipping efficiency

Achieve a real step change in safety

Reduces costs

Saves lives



Thank you



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